





Annual Report 1991 - 92

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Saskatchewan **Labour Relations Board**



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Saskatchewan Labour Relations Board

for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1992

Published by Authority of The Honourable Robert W. Mitchell, Q.C. Minister of Human Resources, Labour and Employment

Letters of Transmittal

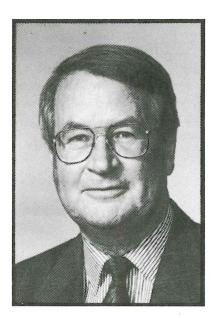
The Honourable Sylvia Fedoruk Lieutenant Governor Province of Saskatchewan

May it Please Your Honour:

I respectfully submit the Annual Report of the Labour Relations Board for Saskatchewan for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1992.

Robert W. Mitchell, Q. C.

Minister of Human Resources, Labour and Employment



Hon. Robert W. Mitchell, Q. C. Minister of Human Resources, Labour and Employment

Dear Sir:

It is my pleasure to provide you with the Annual Report of The Labour Relations Board of Saskatchewan. It covers the period commencing April 1, 1991 and ending March 31, 1992.

Sincerely,

John R. Hobbs,

Vice-Chairman and Acting Chairman

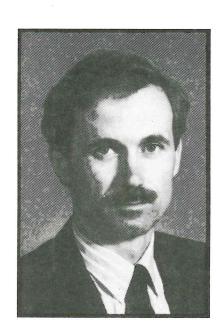


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I. LABOUR RELATIONS BOARD

The Labour Relations Board came into existence in 1944 with passage of *The Trade Union Act*, S. S. 1944 (2nd Sess.) c. 69. Although the Act was amended in subsequent years, the basic concept of the board has not changed. Then, as now, the board is an independent, quasi-judicial tribunal charged with the responsibility of adjudicating disputes that arise under *The Trade Union Act*. It does this principally through public hearings and its written decisions. The board's decisions are final and binding upon the parties. There is no appeal, and review by the courts is strictly limited.

The Act presently provides for a board composed of five members, and an unspecified number of alternate members. All members and alternate members of the board are appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman are full-time members of the board. The remaining members and alternate members are not employees of the board. They are appointed and paid on a per diem basis when their services are required. The board is a representational board. This means all members of the board, with the exception of the Chairman, are representatives of employees or employers. The Chairman is neutral and, with only one exception, has always been a lawyer.

The board reports to the Minister of Human Resources, Labour and Employment. The Minister is obligated by *The Trade Union Act* to provide the board with the requisite staff and facilities. Otherwise, the board operates independently from the government, it's departments and agencies.

The board's offices and staff are located in Regina, although the board maintains a hearing room in Saskatoon. The staff of the board is composed of the Executive Officer (the duties of which have been assumed by the Vice-Chairman), the board secretary and three clerical positions. An Organizational Chart of the Labour Relations Board is contained in Table I.

The composition of the board during the year covered by this report was:

Richard I. Hornung, Q. C. - Chairman

Mr. Hornung was appointed Chairman of the board in 1989. He is a graduate of the University of Saskatchewan (B. A., L. L. B.) and the London School of Economics (L. L. M.). Mr. Hornung has lectured in law at the university level, and has extensive experience as a mediator and arbitrator. Prior to joining the board, he practised law in Regina. Mr. Hornung resides in Regina.

John R. B. Hobbs - Vice-Chairman

Mr. Hobbs graduated from the College of Law, University of Saskatchewan, in 1975. Following graduation, he practised law in Regina until joining the board in 1985 as Vice-Chairman. He is the board's first legally trained Vice-Chairman. Mr. Hobbs also fills the role of Executive Officer. Mr. Hobbs resides in Regina.

Bruce McDonald

Mr. McDonald was appointed to the board as an alternate member in 1974 and as a member in 1977. He is the business agent for the International Brotherhood of Painters and Allied Trades, Local Union 1996. He is a past President of the Canadian Federation of Labour. Mr. McDonald resides in Saskatoon.

Clarence Lyons

Mr. Lyons was a member of the board in the 1950's, 1960's and was most recently appointed in 1977 as a representative of employees. Until his retirement, he was the international representative for the Canadian Food and Allied Workers, now known as the United Food and Commercial Workers. Mr. Lyons resides in Saskatoon.

John Forsyth

Mr. Forsyth was appointed to the board in 1975 as an employer representative. Although he is now retired, he was formerly the manager of Sherwood Cooperative Association Ltd. Mr. Forsyth resides in Regina.

Charles Cave

Mr. Cave was appointed to the board as an alternate member representing employees in 1972. He is a long-time member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers Union. Mr. Cave resides in Moose Jaw. Mr. Cave resigned from the board January 24, 1992.

Jill Jones

Mrs. Jones was appointed to the board as an alternate member representing employees in 1984. She is a former president of the Saskatchewan Union of Nurses. Mrs. Jones resides in Regina.

R. J. Tomlinson

Mr. Tomlinson was appointed to the board as an alternate member representing employers in 1986. He is a former General Manager of Graham Construction Ltd. Mr. Tomlinson resides in Moose Jaw.

John MacLeod

Mr. MacLeod was first appointed to the board in 1979 as an alternate member representing employees. He was recently re-appointed in the same capacity. Mr. MacLeod is the business agent for the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers. He resides in Regina.

Jack Hanson

Mr. Hanson was appointed to the board in March 1992 as an alternate member representing employers. He is Vice-President and General Manager of Conforce Structure Saskatchewan Region. Mr. Hanson is Director of the Saskatchewan Construction Labour Relations Council and is Past Chairman of the Saskatchewan Construction Association. Mr. Hanson resides in Regina.

Edward Lochrie

Mr. Lochrie was appointed to the board as an alternate member representing employees in 1985. Mr. Lochrie is a longtime member of the United Steelworkers of America. He resides in Saskatoon. His appointment expired on January 24, 1992.

Carolyn Jones

Ms. Jones was appointed to the board in March 1992. She is a staff representative with United Food and Commercial Workers Local 1400 and has been since 1981. She served for four years as Vice-President of the Saskatchewan Federation of Labour and has been active on several of its committees and in the labour movement generally. Ms. Jones resides in Saskatoon.

Gerry Caudle

Mr. Caudle was appointed to the board as an alternate member in 1987 representing employees. He is a representative of the Canadian Union of Public Employees. He resides in Saskatoon. His appointment expired on January 24, 1992.

Gordon B. Bennett

Mr. Bennett was appointed to the board in 1989 as an alternate member representing employers. Mr. Bennett is the president of Bennett Dunlop Ford. He resides in Regina. His appointment expired on January 24, 1992.

Garth C. Kennedy

Mr. Kennedy was appointed to the board in 1989 as an alternate member representing employers. He is the General Manager of Army & Navy Department Stores Limited. He resides in Regina. His appointment expired on January 24, 1992.

Kathleen Joyner

Mrs. Joyner was appointed to the board in 1990 as an alternate member representing employers. She is the president of a retail corporation and manages several clothing stores. She resides in Moose Jaw.

Elaine Bambury

Mrs. Bambury was appointed to the board in 1990 as an alternate member representing employers. She is employed as an Administrator at the Wolseley Union Hospital. She resides in Wolseley.

Ken Hutchinson

Mr. Hutchinson was appointed to the board in March 1992 as an alternate member representing employers. He previously served on the board from 1977 to 1986 in the same capacity. Mr. Hutchinson was the Administrator of Personnel Services at the Regina General Hospital until he retired and was also a Director of Industrial Relations for the Saskatchewan Hospital Association. He resides in Regina.

David Maki

Mr. Maki was appointed to the board in March 1992 as an alternate member representing employees. Mr. Macki is a Business Representative for Office and Professional Employees International Union. He resides in Regina.

Gloria Cymbalisty

Ms. Cymbalisty was appointed to the board in March, 1992 as an alternate member representing employees. Ms. Cymbalisty is self-employed in an industrial relations consulting firm. She was formerly a representative for the Saskatchewan Joint Board, Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union. She resides in Regina.

Diane Pitchford

Ms. Pitchford was appointed to the board in March 1992 as an alternate member representing employees. Ms. Pitchford is Vice-President of Local 2, Communication and Electrical Workers of Canada. She resides in Saskatoon.

II. The Trade Union Act

In Canada, legislative jurisdiction over industrial relations has, since a ruling of the Supreme Court of Canada in 1925, fallen largely under provincial jurisdiction. Fortunately the potential this presented for legal fragmentation was offset by varying combinations of interprovincial management and union structures, common history and common day-to-day economic and political conditions. The result is a remarkable commonality of core principles and procedures in all 11 Canadian jurisdictions.

The main features of *The Trade Union Act*, like its counterparts in all other Canadian jurisdictions, are that:

- (a) the traditional courts are replaced by a specialized, quasi-judicial tribunal with exclusive and binding jurisdiction over the matters assigned to it by *The Trade Union Act*;
- (b) the law of conspiracy and restraint of trade, is abolished insofar as it applies to employees who bargain collectively;
- (c) the majority of employees determine for all employees in the unit, whether they will bargain collectively and, if so, through which union;
- (d) an employer is required to recognize the union chosen by the majority of its employees as their exclusive representative for the purpose of bargaining collectively;
- (e) the employer and the union are required to bargain in good faith with a view to concluding a collective bargaining agreement;
- a number of unfair labour practices are created to protect employees and unions from any attempt by the employer to interfere with their rights;
- (g) strike and lock-out activity is regulated, but not prohibited;
- (h) specific issues, such as union security, technological change, conciliation, voting procedures, and religious exclusions, are addressed; and
- remedial and enforcement procedures are specified.

In short, the Act provides the legal framework for collective bargaining, along with a procedure for adjudicating disputes and enforcing rights and obligations. The Trade Union Act, like its counterparts in all other Canadian jurisdictions, does not attempt to prohibit economic conflict between employees and employers, but only to control it. It does not attempt to regulate the outcome of collective bargaining, but merely the process to be followed. Occasionally, the Legislature will remove a particular term or condition of employment from the bargaining table and award it to one side or the other. However, the final arbiter of the employees' terms and conditions of employment is mainly the marketplace.

III. BUDGET SUMMARY

The total budget of the Saskatchewan Labour Relations Board for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1992 was \$439,000. The actual sum expended by the board during the fiscal year was \$431,998.

IV. SUMMARY OF BOARD ACTIVITY FOR 1991-92

Between April 1, 1991, and March 31, 1992, the Labour Relations Board held 12 monthly meetings lasting a total of 108 days.

A total of 318 applications were received by the board during the year. Table 2 shows these applications by type of application and disposition. The five-year trend is shown by disposition in Table 3 and by type in Table 4.

During 1991-92, 126 certification orders covering 2,108 employees were issued by the board and two certification orders affecting 47 employees were rescinded.

V. TABLES

TABLE 1

Organizational Chart – Labour Relations Board March 31,1992

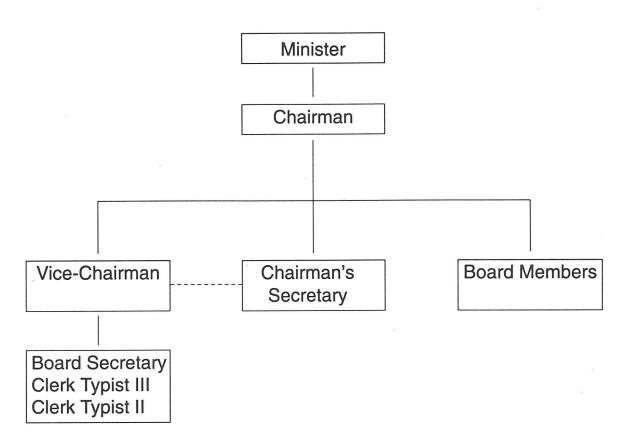


TABLE 2

Applications under *The Trade Union Act*by Type of Application and Disposition, 1991-92

Type of application and disposition Applications	Type of application and disposition Applications
Total Applications338*	Exclusion on Religious
Granted198	Grounds
Dismissed45	(Section 5, clause 1)3
Withdrawn73	Granted2
Determined2	Dismissed
Conducted0	Withdrawn1
Certification	Employee Determination
(Section 5, clauses	(Section 5, clause m)
a, b and c)158	Determined
Granted126	
Dismissed15	Strike Votes
Withdrawn17	(Section 11[8])
	Dismiss
Unfair Labour Practice	Withdrawn
(Section 5, clause d)64	
Granted15	Reference of Dispute
Dismissed16	(Section 24)3
Withdrawn33	Determined2
	Withdrawn1
Reinstatement	
(Section 5, clause f)19	Transfer of Obligation
Granted5	(Section 37)
Dismissed6	Determined
Withdrawn8	Dismissed
	Withdrawn
Monetary Loss	
(Section 5, clause g)23	Technological Change
Granted8	(Section 43)2
Dismissed6	Granted2
Withdrawn9	Dismissed
	Withdrawn
Company Dominated	
(Section 5, clause h)3	Ratification Votes
Granted1	(Section 45)
Dismissed2	Conducted
Withdrawn	Dismissed
	Withdrawn
Amendment or Rescission	
(Section 5, clauses i,	
j and k)43	
Granted40	
Dismissed	
Withdrawn3	

^{* 318} applications were disposed of although 338 applications were received. Source: Saskatchewan Labour Relations Board files.

TABLE 3

Applications to the Labour Relations Board under *The Trade Union Act*, by Disposition, 1987-88 to 1991-92

Year	Total					
***************************************	Applications	Granted	Dismissed	Withdrawn	Determined*	Conducted
1987-88	287	128	55	102	2	-
1988-89	274	126	43	95	6	• • •
1989-90	261	146	54	58	2	1
1990-91	234	156	41	35	2	-
1991-92	318	198	45	73	2	-

^{*} Under *The Trade Union Act*, the board may determine the outcome of any dispute referred to it by either party. The decision of the board is final and binding.
Source: Saskatchewan Labour Relations Board files.

TABLE 4

Applications under *The Trade Union Act*by Type of Application, 1987-88 to 1991-92.

1987-88	1988-89	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
229*	274*	261*	234*	318*
78	77	105	90	158
68	90	60	46	64
42	23	18	10	19
43	23	18	. 11	23
1				3
44	39	41	55	43
2	7	13	7	3
,	2			
3				
3	6	2	1	3
2		2	1	
1	1			2
	6	2		
	229* 78 68 42 1 44 2 3 3 3 3	229* 274* 78 77 68 90 42 23 43 23 1 44 39 2 7 2 7 3 3 6 2 1 1	229* 274* 261* 78 77 105 68 90 60 42 23 18 43 23 18 1 44 39 41 2 7 13 2 3 6 2 2 2 1 1	229* 274* 261* 234* 78

^{*}This figures represents the number of applications disposed of not the number received. Source: Saskatchewan Labour Relations Board files.